

**ERRATA for**  
***FE Supplied-Reference Handbook***  
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**The errata listed here have been corrected in the REVISED 8th edition of the  
*FE Supplied-Reference Handbook (ISBN 978-1-932613-37-7).***

**p. 23, Column 1, Identities.** The half-angle formula in line 21 should be:

$$\cos(\alpha / 2) = \pm \sqrt{(1 + \cos \alpha) / 2}$$

**p. 64, Column 1, FLUID FLOW.** The fifth, sixth, and seventh notations should be:

$v_{\max} = 1.18 \bar{v}$ , for fully turbulent flow

$v_{\max} = 2 \bar{v}$ , for circular tubes in laminar flow and

$v_{\max} = 1.5 \bar{v}$ , for parallel planes in laminar flow, where

**p. 107, Column 1.** The first paragraph should read as follows:

*Water Content* affects workability. However, an increase in water without a corresponding increase in cement reduces the concrete strength. Superplasticizers are the most typical method to increase workability. Air entrainment is used to improve durability.

**p. 183, Carcinogens.** The equation for carcinogens should be:

$$\text{Risk} = \text{dose} \times \text{toxicity} = CDI \times CSF$$

where

$CDI$  = Chronic Daily Intake

$CSF$  = Cancer Slope Factor. Slope of the dose-response curve for carcinogenic materials.

**p. 246, Column 1, Adiabatic Compression.** The equation should be:

$$\dot{W}_{\text{comp}} = \frac{\dot{m} P_i k}{(k-1) \rho_i \eta_c} \left[ \left( \frac{P_e}{P_i} \right)^{1-1/k} - 1 \right]$$

**p. 246, Column 1, Isothermal Compression.** The equation should be:

$$\dot{W}_{\text{comp}} = \frac{\bar{R} T_i}{M \eta_c} \ln \frac{P_e}{P_i} (\dot{m})$$

**p. 21, Column 2.** The following equation and wording should appear below the figure of the

ellipse:  $\frac{(x-h)^2}{a^2} + \frac{(y-k)^2}{b^2} = 1$ ; Center at  $(h, k)$

**p. 22, Column 1, Case 4. Circle.** Replace the word “general” with the word “standard.”

**p. 22, Column 1, Conic Section Equation.** The following lines should read:

If  $B^2 - 4AC < 0$ , an *ellipse* is defined.

If  $B^2 - 4AC > 0$ , a *hyperbola* is defined.

If  $B^2 - 4AC = 0$ , the conic is a *parabola*.

**p. 22, Column 2, QUADRIC SURFACE (SPHERE).** Replace the word “general” with the word “standard.”

**p. 23, Column 2, Polar Coordinates.** The last equation should be:

$$\frac{r_1(\cos \theta_1 + i \sin \theta_1)}{r_2(\cos \theta_2 + i \sin \theta_2)} = \frac{r_1}{r_2} [\cos(\theta_1 - \theta_2) + i \sin(\theta_1 - \theta_2)]$$

**p. 25, Column 2, DIFFERENTIAL CALCULUS, The Derivative.** The derivative equation should be:

$$y' = \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} [(\Delta y) / (\Delta x)]$$
$$= \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \{ [f(x + \Delta x) - f(x)] / (\Delta x) \}$$

**p. 30, Column 1, CENTROIDS AND MOMENTS OF INERTIA.** The equation on line 4

should be:  $y_c = \frac{\int y dA}{A}$

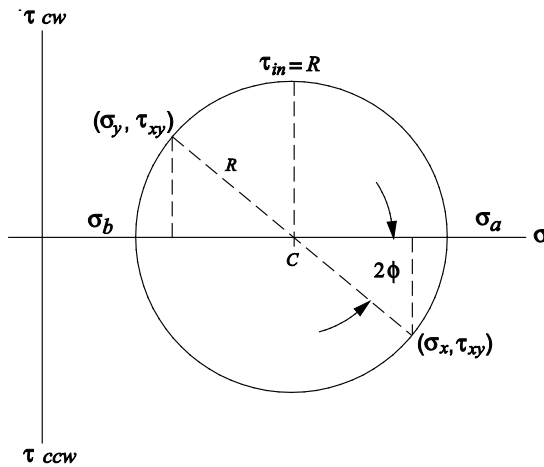
**p. 30, Column 1, DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS.** The equation on line 6 should be:

$$y_h(x) = C_1 e^{r_1 x} + C_2 e^{r_2 x} + \dots + C_i e^{r_i x} + \dots + C_n e^{r_n x}$$

**p. 30, Column 1, DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS.** The third line from the bottom should begin as follows: where  $y_p(x)$  is any particular solution with  $f(x)$  present.

**p. 30, Column 2.** The heading of the second column of the table should be  $y_p(x)$ .

p. 34, Column 2. The Mohr's Circle should be as follows:



p. 42, Column 1, Normal Distribution (Gaussian Distribution). A fourth notation should be added to the last paragraph in the section as follows:

- $F(x)$  = the area under the curve from  $-\infty$  to  $x$ ,
- $R(x)$  = the area under the curve from  $x$  to  $\infty$ ,
- $W(x)$  = the area under the curve between  $-x$  and  $x$ , and
- $F(-x) = 1 - F(x)$ .

p. 44. The following table should be shown at the bottom of the page:

Values of  $Z_{\alpha/2}$

Confidence Interval	$Z_{\alpha/2}$
80%	1.2816
90%	1.6449
95%	1.9600
96%	2.0537
98%	2.3263
99%	2.5758

**p. 64, Column 2.** In the equation eight lines from the bottom,  $b$  is the span length.

**p. 68, Column 2.** The equation below the table should be:  $Q = CA_0 \sqrt{\frac{2}{\rho}(p_1 - p_2)}$

**p. 71.** The range of values of  $e$  (ft) for riveted steel should be 0.003–0.03.

**p. 73, Column 2.** The last paragraph should read as follows:

For real gases, several equations of state are available; one such equation is the van der Waals equation with constants based on the critical point:

$$\left(P + \frac{a}{\bar{v}^2}\right)(\bar{v} - b) = \bar{R}T$$

$$\text{where } a = \left(\frac{27}{64}\right) \left(\frac{\bar{R}^2 T_c^2}{P_c}\right), \quad b = \frac{\bar{R}T_c}{8P_c}$$

where  $P_c$  and  $T_c$  are the pressure and temperature at the critical point, respectively, and  $\bar{v}$  is the molar specific volume.

**p. 74, Column 1, Special Cases of Closed Systems.** In the equations below Isentropic (ideal gas) and Constant Temperature (**Boyle's Law**), the gas constant  $R$  should not have a bar over the top (three places).

**p. 74, Column 2, Special Cases of Open Systems.** In the equations below Constant Temperature and Isentropic (ideal gas), the gas constant  $R$  should not have a bar over the top (four places).

**p. 87, Column 1, Turbulent Flow in Circular Tubes.** The coefficient in the Sieder-Tate equation should be 0.023.

**p. 106, Column 2.** The table should be above the heading **HALF-LIFE**.

**p. 108, BINARY PHASE DIAGRAMS.** The word on line 6 should be “Peritectoid.”

**p. 112, Column 2, Second-Order Control System Models.** For a unit step input to a normalized underdamped second-order control system, the time required to reach a peak  $t_p$  value and the value of that peak  $M_p$  are given by

$$t_p = \pi / \left(\omega_n \sqrt{1 - \zeta^2}\right)$$

$$M_p = 1 + e^{-\pi\zeta / \sqrt{1 - \zeta^2}}$$

**p. 135, Column 2.** The entry for  $q_{ULT}$  should read as follows:

$$q_{ULT} = \text{ultimate bearing capacity (strip footing)}$$

$$= cN_C + \gamma'D_f N_q + \frac{1}{2}\gamma'BN_\gamma$$

**p. 137, UNIFIED SOIL CLASSIFICATION TABLE.** The Laboratory Classification Criteria Column should read as follows:

<p>ATTERBERG LIMITS BELOW "A" LINE OR <math>PI</math> LESS THAN 4</p>
<p>ATTERBERG LIMITS ABOVE "A" LINE WITH <math>PI</math> GREATER THAN 7</p>

**p. 138.** In the footnote under the table, the ranges of values given below the equation for  $GI$  should be 0 to 40, 0 to 20, 0 to 40, and 0 to 20, respectively.

**p. 150, Column 2, Shear – unstiffened beams.** The first four lines of the section should be:

$$A_w = dt_w$$

Rolled W-shapes for  $F_y \leq 50$  ksi:  $\phi = 1.0$

$$\phi V_n = \phi(0.6F_y)A_w$$

Built-up I-shaped beams for  $F_y \geq 50$  ksi:  $\phi = 0.90$

**p. 150, Column 2, Column capacity – available strength:**

$$\frac{KL}{r} \leq \frac{802.1}{\sqrt{F_y}}: \phi F_{cr} = 0.9 \left[ 0.658 \frac{F_y \left( \frac{KL}{r} \right)^2}{286,220} \right] F_y$$

$$\frac{KL}{r} > \frac{802.1}{\sqrt{F_y}}: \phi F_{cr} = \frac{225,910}{\left( \frac{KL}{r} \right)^2}$$

AISC Table 4-22: Available Critical Stress ( $\phi F_{cr}$ ) for  
Compression Members

AISC Table 4-1: Available Force ( $\phi P_n$ ) in Axial  
Compression, kips ( $F_y = 50$  ksi)

**p. 151, Column 1, BEAM-COLUMNS.** In “Required strengths,” the last equation should

be:  $P_{el} = \frac{\pi^2 EI}{(KL)_x^2}$  with respect to bending axis

**p. 151, Column 1, BEAM-COLUMNS.** In “Strength limit state,” the second equation

should be:  $\frac{P_r}{\phi P_n} < 0.2 : \quad \frac{P_r}{2(\phi P_n)} + \frac{M_r}{\phi M_{nx}} \leq 1.0$

**p. 151, Column 2, TENSION MEMBERS.** The equation for hole diameter should be:

$$d_h = d_b + 1/16''$$

**p. 154.** The footnote below the table should read:

$$\phi_b M_{rx} = \phi_b (0.7 F_y) S_x \quad \text{BF} = \frac{\phi_b M_{px} - \phi_b M_{rx}}{L_r - L_p}$$

**p. 161, Column 2, Weir Formulas.** The first two lines of the section should read:

Unsubmerged suppressed

$$Q = CLH^{3/2}$$

Then add the following after line 2:

Unsubmerged contracted

$$Q = C(L - 0.2H)H^{3/2}$$

**p. 162, TRANSPORTATION.** Revise the definition of  $A$  to read:

$A$  = absolute value of algebraic difference in grades (%)

Delete the definition of  $C$ .

**p. 209, Column 1.** The equation for a non-inverting amplifier should be:  $v_o = \left(1 + \frac{R_2}{R_1}\right)v_b$

**p. 218, Column 1, Least Squares.** The equation for the slope should be:  $\hat{b} = S_{xy} / S_{xx}$ .

**p. 222, Column 1, PERMISSIBLE NOISE EXPOSURE (OSHA).** Line 6 should read:

For  $80 \leq \text{SPL} \leq 130$  dBA,  $T_i = 2^{\left(\frac{105 - \text{SPL}}{5}\right)}$  (hours)

p. 226. Table B should read as follows:

**Table B. Tests on means of normal distribution—variance unknown.**

<i>Hypothesis</i>	<i>Test Statistic</i>	<i>Criteria for Rejection</i>
$H_0: \mu = \mu_0$ $H_1: \mu \neq \mu_0$		$ t_0  > t_{\alpha/2, n-1}$
$H_0: \mu = \mu_0$ $H_1: \mu < \mu_0$	$t_0 = \frac{\bar{X} - \mu_0}{S/\sqrt{n}}$	$t_0 < -t_{\alpha, n-1}$
$H_0: \mu = \mu_0$ $H_1: \mu > \mu_0$		$t_0 > t_{\alpha, n-1}$
$H_0: \mu_1 - \mu_2 = \gamma$ $H_1: \mu_1 - \mu_2 \neq \gamma$	$t_0 = \frac{\bar{X}_1 - \bar{X}_2 - \gamma}{S_p \sqrt{\frac{1}{n_1} + \frac{1}{n_2}}}$ Variances equal $v = n_1 + n_2 - 2$	$ t_0  > t_{\alpha/2, v}$
$H_0: \mu_1 - \mu_2 = \gamma$ $H_1: \mu_1 - \mu_2 < \gamma$	$t_0 = \frac{\bar{X}_1 - \bar{X}_2 - \gamma}{\sqrt{\frac{S_1^2}{n_1} + \frac{S_2^2}{n_2}}}$ Variances unequal	$t_0 < -t_{\alpha, v}$
$H_0: \mu_1 - \mu_2 = \gamma$ $H_1: \mu_1 - \mu_2 > \gamma$	$v = \frac{\left(\frac{S_1^2}{n_1} + \frac{S_2^2}{n_2}\right)^2}{\frac{(S_1^2/n_1)^2}{n_1 - 1} + \frac{(S_2^2/n_2)^2}{n_2 - 1}}$	$t_0 > t_{\alpha, v}$

In Table B,  $S_p^2 = [(n_1 - 1)S_1^2 + (n_2 - 1)S_2^2]/v$

p. 232, Column 2, Power Transmission. The equation should be:

$$\sigma' = \frac{4}{\pi d^3} \left[ (8M + Fd)^2 + 48T^2 \right]^{1/2}$$

p. 237, Column 2. The velocities in a planetary set are related by:  $\frac{\omega_L - \omega_{arm}}{\omega_f - \omega_{arm}} = \pm m_v$

The **INDEX** should include the following entries:

- cost estimation, 131
- earthwork formulas, 165
- fatigue, 35
- geotech, 134
- Superpave, 167
- well drawdown, 159